The following marine mammals are common in the eastern Arctic; however, sightings of other species may also occur. It is possible for marine mammals to venture outside of their common habitat ranges and be seen elsewhere.

# Killer Whale

**Length:** 7-9 m <sup>14</sup>

**Appearance:** Black body with white underside and spot behind

the eyes. Tall and triangular dorsal fin in the middle of the back. Blow is tall and column-like; approximately 4 m in height.<sup>14</sup>

Behaviour: Typically form groups of 2-25.15

Sensitive months (calving and foraging activities

# and risk of ice entrapment): JFMAMJJASOND **Status:** Special concern<sup>14</sup>

# Minke Whale

**Length:** 6-10 m <sup>16</sup>

**Appearance:** Dark grey, black or brown back with a white spot on each pectoral fin. Large

hook-shaped dorsal fin. Relatively small tail.<sup>16</sup>

Behaviour: Mainly solitary. Snout appears first when they surface to breathe. Occasionally breach out of the water.

Sensitive months (calving and foraging

activities and risk of ice entrapment): Unknown Status: Not at risk<sup>17</sup>

# **Beluga Whale**

**Length: 2-5 m<sup>3</sup>** 

Appearance: Adults are white, and young are grey. No dorsal fin,

only a small portion of the body is visible out of the water. Blow is low and hardly visible.<sup>3</sup>

**Behaviour:** Found in small groups, but sometimes in groups of hundreds to thousands during annual migrations. Sensitive months (calving and foraging activities and risk of ice entrapment): JFMAMJJASOND<sup>3</sup>

Status: Special concern<sup>3</sup>

## **Narwhal**

**Length:** 4-5 m <sup>4</sup>

**Appearance:** Adults are speckled grey and white while young are dark

grey or black. Males have a spiraled tusk up to 3 m long. No dorsal fin. Blow is puffy. Not much of the body is visible out of the water.

Behaviour: Often in small groups in summer (<10 individuals) but may be hundreds during spring and fall migrations.4

Sensitive months (calving and foraging activities and risk of ice entrapment): JFMAMJJASOND4 Status: Special concern<sup>4</sup>

# **Greenland Shark**

**Length:** 2-5 m <sup>5</sup>

**Appearance:** May be brown, black, grey or a spotted mix of all three. Two small dorsal fins and small eyes.6

**Behaviour:** Slow swimming. Usually observed near the surface during the winter and retreats to deeper waters (180-550 m) during the summer.

Sensitive months (calving and foraging activities and risk of ice entrapment): Unknown

Status: Not assessed

#### Walrus

Length: 2-4 m

**Appearance:** Brown skin. Broad flat muzzle, white whiskers and two distinctive tusks.20

**Behaviour:** Occur in tight groups on ice floes or on land. Sensitive months (calving and foraging activities and risk of ice entrapment):

JFMAMJJASON D<sup>20</sup> **Status:** Special concern<sup>20</sup>



**Appearance:** The body is predominantly black with some white (non-pigmented) regions appearing on the chin, eyelids, flipper insertions, tail stock and flukes.<sup>1</sup>

**Behaviour:** Often alone but sometimes in groups of 2–10.

Sensitive months (calving and foraging activities and risk of ice entrapment): JFMAMJJASOND<sup>1</sup>

**Status:** Special concern<sup>2</sup>

# **Hooded Seal**

**Length:** 2-3 m <sup>7</sup>

**Appearance:** Silvery-white with dark blotches. Males have a black "hood" on forehead and inflatable balloon-like nasal cavity.

Behaviour: Solitary, except during pupping, mating and moulting.<sup>7</sup>

Sensitive months (calving and foraging activities and risk of ice entrapment): JFMAMJJASOND7 **Status:** Not at risk

# **Bearded Seal**

**Length:** 2-3 m <sup>8</sup>

**Appearance:** Grey with brown tinge on the head and lighter colouring on the underside. Long, white whiskers and square-shaped front flippers.

**Behaviour:** Solitary but form small groups during mating

Sensitive months (calving and foraging activities and risk of ice entrapment): JFMAMJJASOND<sup>8</sup> Status: Data deficient9

## **Harp Seal**

Length: Up to 2 m 10

Appearance: Light grey body with black or brown head and long, black "harp-shaped" saddle on the back. **Behaviour:** When migrating, the seals leap out

of the water, like dolphins.

Sensitive months (calving and foraging activities and risk of ice entrapment): JFMAMJJASOND 10, 11 Status: Not assessed

# **Ringed Seal**

Length: Up to 1.5 m 12

**Appearance:** Dark grey body with light rings on the back and silver colouring on the front.

**Behaviour:** Associated with ice floes and pack ice. Maintain breathing holes throughout winter.

**Sensitive months** (calving and foraging activities and risk of ice entrapment):

JFMAMJJASOND<sup>13</sup> Status: Special concern<sup>12</sup>

# **Polar Bear**

**Length:** Up to 3 m <sup>18</sup>

**Appearance:** White, but can appear yellow

or light brown.18

Behaviour: Solitary, except during breeding and cub rearing. Majority of time is spent on sea ice. Sensitive months (calving and foraging activities

and risk of ice entrapment): JFMAMJJASOND 19

Status: Special concern<sup>18</sup>

# Caribou

Length: Up to 2 m

**Appearance:** Both males and females can have antlers. Dolphin & Union and Peary caribou are mostly white in winter and in summer appear grey with white legs; 21,22 Barren-ground caribou are brown and white year round.<sup>23</sup> **Behaviour:** Often seen in herds. Barren-ground caribou, and Dolphin & Union caribou follow an annual cycle, undertaking pre-calving and fall migrations between seasonal ranges.21

Sensitive months (calving and foraging activities and risk of ice entrapment):

JFMAMJJASOND 21-23

Status: Endangered (Dolphin & Union population)<sup>21</sup>, Threatened (Barren-Ground and Peary populations)<sup>22,23</sup>

# Recommended **Distance Around Marine Mammals**<sup>24-26</sup>

(Changes in navigation should not be assumed if they compromise safe operations)

> Slow down and avoid abrupt course changes

> > 300 m vertical distance and 1/2 nautical mile (900 m) radius from animals. Refrain from drone flight maneuvers, including: taking off; landing;

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**Polar Bears** 

#### WWF RECOMMENDATIONS

#### **Walrus Haulouts**

• Maintain a setback of 5 km seaward of a walrus haulout, any time during the year.

#### **Whale Sensitive Habitats**

- Be cautious in whale calving, foraging and migration areas from mid-July to mid-September and follow mitigation procedures in the vicinity of marine mammals:<sup>19</sup>
- Wildlife will be given right of way.
- Adhere to setback distances (see chart on first page).
- Maintain a straight course and constant speed, avoiding erratic maneuvers.
- When marine mammals appear to be trapped or disturbed by vessel movements, implement appropriate measures to mitigate disturbance, including stopping movement until wildlife have moved away from the immediate area.

#### Polynyas (Ikirasaq)

• Avoid shipping and icebreaking activities, particularly through inlets, between mid-November to mid-July (Ukiaq to Upingaaq seasons). 19

#### Floe edges (Sinaaq)

• Avoid shipping through and around floe edges during mid-March to mid-July (Upingaksaaq and Upingaaq seasons).<sup>27</sup>

#### **Discharges and Dumping**

• Avoid discharging operational wastes within or near protected area boundaries.<sup>28</sup>

#### **Reduce Black Carbon**

• Avoid using heavy fuel oil and use distillate fuels and a particulate filter or cleaner alternative fuels.<sup>28</sup>

#### **Icebreaking**

- Avoid icebreaking during ice formation and breakup.<sup>29</sup>
- Avoid crossing Inuit on-ice community travel routes, unless accompanied by ice bridging plan and having consulted with municipal councils,
- HTOs and regional wildlife organizations within a 300 km radius of the route.<sup>19</sup>
- Avoid icebreaking through caribou sea-ice crossings.<sup>19</sup>
- Avoid icebreaking in Northwest Passage/Coronation Gulf between Victoria Island and the Mainland (Dolphin & Union caribou).<sup>19</sup>
- Avoid icebreaking in Peel Sound and Franklin Strait (Peary caribou).<sup>19</sup>
- Avoid icebreaking in narrow seaways between Bathurst Island and the Small Islands north of Bathurst Island (Peary caribou).<sup>19</sup>

#### **Speeds**

• When within 100m of a marine mammal, reduce speed to less than 7 knots. Avoid abrupt course changes.<sup>30</sup>

# **Seabird Colonies**

- When birds are present, year round:
- 500 m setback for ships from seabird colonies.
- 100 m setback from seabird colonies for zodiacs, kayaks and other small launch vessels.
- 2 km setback distance from Ivory gull breeding sites.

# Seal Pupping (Whelping)

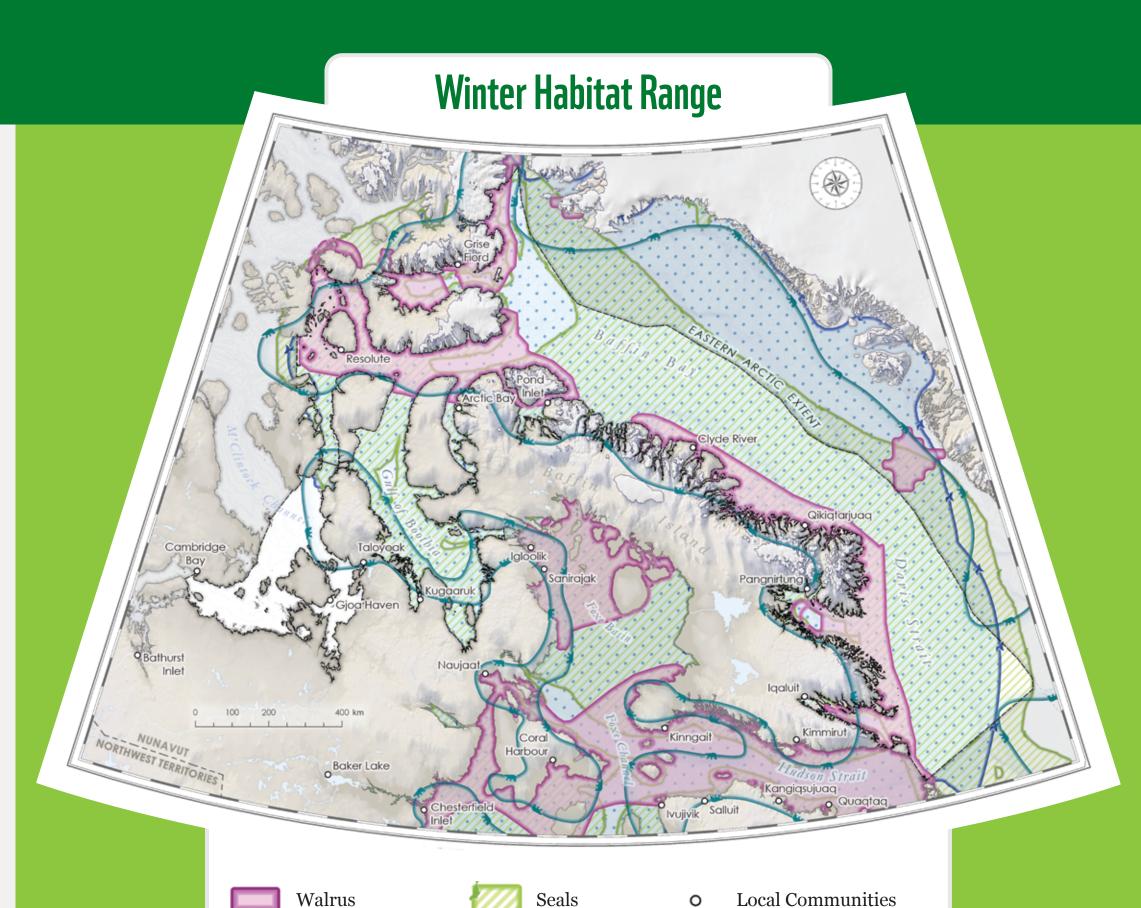
• Avoid seal whelping (delivery and nursing of seal pups) areas from late-February to early-July.<sup>31</sup>

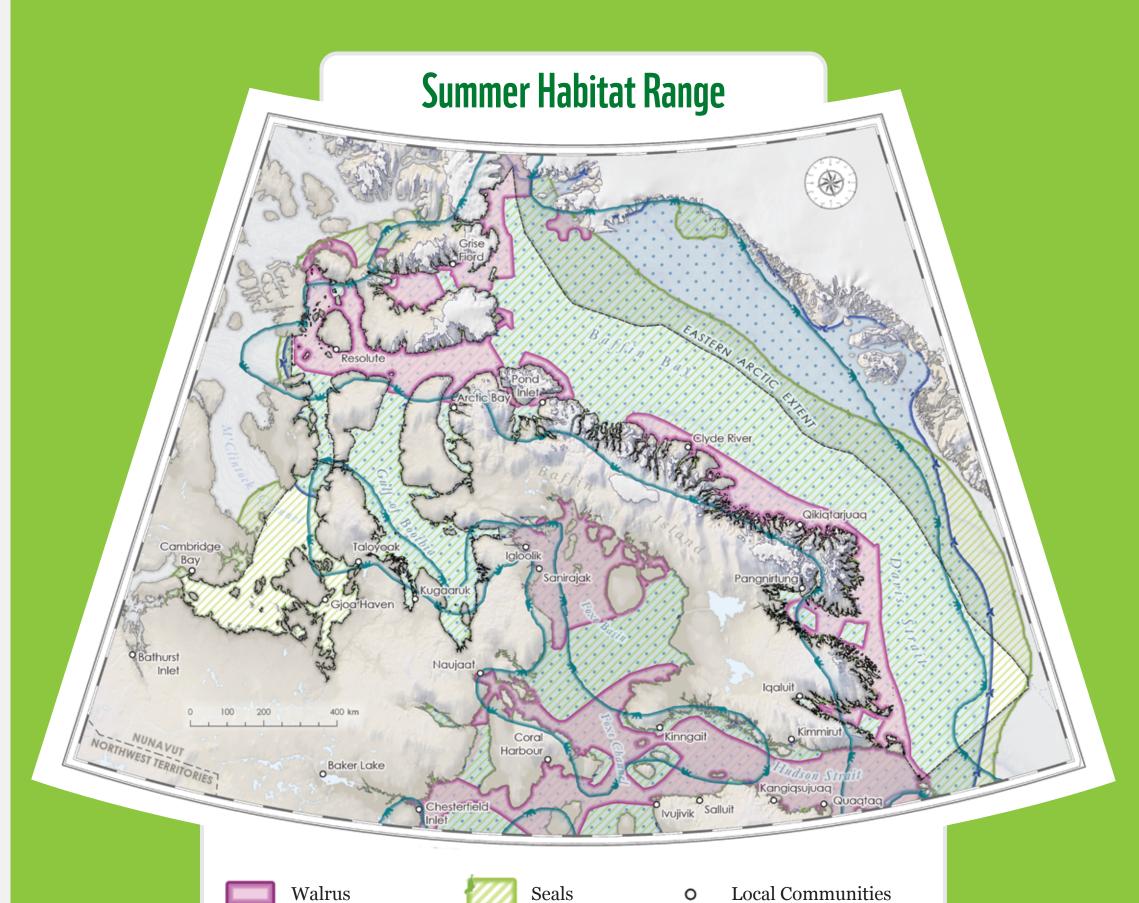
#### **Local Community and Livelihood Areas**

- Give right of way.
- Do not approach or take photographs of harvesting activities.
- Respect the "tourism exclusion zone" during the summer months.



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Cetaceans

Cetaceans

**Polar Bears** 



# LOCAL COMMUNITY PHONE NUMBERS & HUNTER AND TRAPPER ORGANIZATIONS:

Contact the nearest community Hunters and Trappers Organization/Association for local knowledge of marine mammals:<sup>32</sup>

- Aiviit Hunters & Trappers, Coral Harbour: 867-925-8622
- Aiviq Hunters & Trappers, Kinngait: 867-897-8214
- Amaruq Hunters & Trappers, Iqaluit: 867-979-6848
- Aqigiq Hunters & Trappers, Chesterfield Inlet: 867-898-9063
- Clyde River Hunters & Trappers, Clyde River: 867-924-6202
- Ekaluktutiak Hunters & Trappers, Cambridge Bay: 867-983-2426
- Gjoa Haven Hunters & Trappers, Gjoa Haven: 867-360-6028
- Igloolik Hunters & Trappers, Igloolik: 867-934-8807
- Kangiqsujuaq Municipality Hall: 819-338-3342
- Mayukalik Hunters & Trappers, Kimmirut: 867-939-2355
- Mittimatalik Hunters & Trappers, Pond Inlet: 867-899-8856
- Nunavut Wildlife Management Board, Iqaluit, Nunavut: 867-975-7300
- Pangnirtung Hunters & Trappers, Pangnirtung: 867-473-8751
- Resolute Bay Hunters & Trappers, Resolute Bay: 867-252-3170

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL EMERGENCY CONTACT**

#### Department of Environment and Natural Resources Government of the Northwest Territories & Nunavut

• Contact information to report a marine environmental emergency, such as an oil spill or oiled wildlife: 867-920-8130

### **CANADIAN WILDLIFE SERVICE**

#### **Canadian Wildlife Service contact information:**

- Phone: 1-800-668-6767
- $\hbox{\bf \bullet Email: ec.prise accessoire-incident altake.ec@canada.ca}$

#### **NATIONAL PARKS**

#### **Ukkusiksalik National Park:**

- Phone: 867-462-4500
- Email: ukkusiksalik.info@pc.gc.ca

#### **Auyuittuq National Park:**

- Pangnirtung Office
- Phone: 867-473-2500
- Email: nunavut.info@pc.gc.ca
- Qikiqtarjuaq Office
- Phone: 867-927-8834
- Email: nunavut.info@pc.gc.ca

#### Sirmilik National Park:

- Phone: 867-899-8092
- Email: sirmilik.info@pc.gc.ca



Scan for a digital version with references and additional community contacts

# **WWF-CANADA CONTACT**

Please contact for errors, omissions, comments or additions. **Sam Davin**, Senior Specialist, Wildlife & Industry, WWF-Canada: sdavin@wwfcanada.org

### MARINE WILDLIFE SIGHTINGS, ENCOUNTERS & INCIDENTS

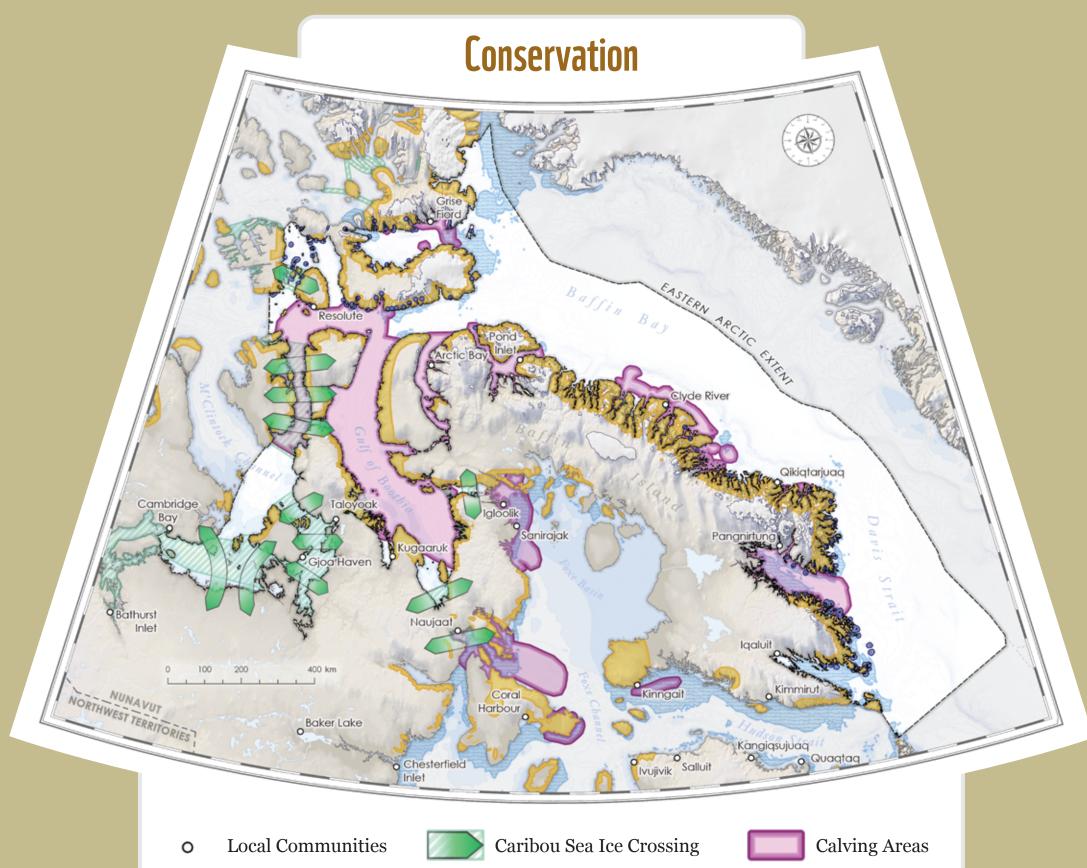
Report to: Department of Fisheries and Oceans,

**Steve Ferguson**, 204-983-5057,

steve.ferguson@dfo-mpo.gc.ca You may be asked to provide:

- Date and time you found the animal or witnessed the incident
- Specific location, including latitude and longitude (if available) or driving directions (if accessible by land)
- Species or type of animal, including a description of the size, colour, features
- Condition of the animal: alive, sick, injured, recently dead, badly rotting
- Number of animals involved
- Your contact information, including name and phone number





Polar Bear Denning

Walrus Haulouts

Polynyas



#### **COMMUNITY CONTACTS**

- Aiviit Hunters & Trappers, Coral Harbour: 867-925-8622
- Aiviq Hunters & Trappers, Kinngait: 867-897-8214
- Amaruq Hunters & Trappers, Iqaluit: 867-979-6848
- Aqigiq Hunters & Trappers, Chesterfield Inlet: 867-898-9063
- Baker Lake Hunters & Trappers, Baker Lake: 867-793-2520
- Clyde River Hunters & Trappers, Clyde River: 867-924-6202
- Ekaluktutiak Hunters & Trappers, Cambridge Bay: 867-983-2426
- Gjoa Haven Hunters & Trappers, Gjoa Haven: 867-360-6028
- Hall Beach Hunters & Trappers, Sanirajak: 867-928-8994
- Igloolik Hunters & Trappers, Igloolik: 867-934-8807
- Ikajutit Hunters & Trappers, Arctic Bay: 867-439-8483
- Iviq Hunters & Trappers, Grise Fiord: 867-980-9063
- Ivujivik Municipality Hall: 819-922-9940
- Kangiqsujuaq Municipality Hall: 819-338-3342
- Kurtairujuark Hunters & Trappers, Pelly Bay, Kugaaruk: 867-769-7002
- Mayukalik Hunters & Trappers, Kimmirut: 867-939-2355
- Mittimatalik Hunters & Trappers, Pond Inlet: 867-899-8856
- Nattivak Hunters & Trappers, Qikiqtarjuaq: 867-927-8836
- Naujaat Hunters & Trappers, Naujaat: 867-462-4334
- Nunavut Wildlife Management Board, Iqaluit, Nunavut: 867-975-7300
- Pangnirtung Hunters & Trappers, Pangnirtung: 867-473-8751
- Quaqtaq Municipality Hall: 819-492-9912
- Resolute Bay Hunters & Trappers, Resolute Bay: 867-252-3170
- Salluit Municipality Hall: 819-255-8953
- Taloyoak Hunters & Trappers, Taloyoak: 867-561-5066



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